Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Owner Name; Andover at Wycliffs Address: 10186 Andover Coach Circle Brain Beach Address: 10186 Andover Coach Circle Address: 10186 Andover Coach Circle Brain Beach Andover All Coach Coach Circle Brain Beach And Coach Circle Brain Beach And Coach Circle And Brain Beach And Coach Circle Brain Beach And Brain	Inspection Date: 3/11/2021						
Address: 10136 Andover Couch Circle City: Lake Worth Zip: 33449 Work Phone:				,			
City: Lake Worth							
County: Palm Beach Insurance Company: For of Home: 1992 For Of Office of Home: 1994 For Offic				` '			
Insurance Company: Policy #: Policy #: Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Policy #: Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Policy #: Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Policy #: Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Policy #: Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Idistefano@grsngt.com Email: Idistefano@grsngt.com Idistefano.com Idistefano@grsngt.com Idistefano@grsngt.com Idistefan	City: Lake Worth	Zip: 33449					
WOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form. 1. Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Minimi-Dade or Broward countries). South Florida Building Code (FBC-2901 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Minimi-Dade or Broward countries). South Florida Building Code (FBC-2901 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Minimi-Dade or Broward countries). South Florida Building Code (FBC-2901) at a date after 3/1/2002. Building Permit Application Date (Minimi Parked or Building Code). A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built a date after 3/1/1994. Building Permit Application Date (Minimi Parked or Builting). For homes built in 1994, 1995, and 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994. Building Permit Application Date (Minimi Parked Permit Parked Permit Application Date (Minimi Parked Permit							
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the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)? A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built	accompany this form. At least one photo though 7. The insurer may ask addition	ograph must accom al questions regard	pany this form to validate ing the mitigated feature(e each attribute marked (s) verified on this form	l in questions 3		
a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date oMMDDYYYYO	the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward co	ounties), South Florid	da Building Code (SFBC-9	4)?			
C. Unknown or does not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B" 2. Roof Covering: Select all roof covering types in use. Provide the permit application date OR FBC/MDC Product Approval number OR Year of Original Installation/Replacement OR indicate that no information was available to verify compliance for each roof covering identified. 2.1 Roof Covering Type: Permit Application Product Approval FBC or MDC Product Approval Product Approval Product Approval Product Approval No Information Provided for Covering Type: Permit Application Provided Approval No Information Provided for Covering Type: Product Approval No Information Provided for Covering Type: Product Approval No Information Provided for Covering Type: A Roll to Information Provided for Covering Information Information Provided for Covering Information Provided for Covering Information Provided for Covering Information Provided for Covering Information Information Information Provided for Covering Information Information Provided for Covering Information Information Information Provided for Covering Information Information Information Provided for Covering Information	a date after 3/1/2002: Building Peri	nit Application Date	(MM/DD/YYYY)//				
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1. AaphaluFiberglass Shingle	OR Year of Original Installation/Replace						
2. Concrete/Clay Tile 07, 24, 2006 Prmt#: b2006-046794-0000					Provided for		
□ 3. Metal	1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle						
■ 4. Built Up	2. Concrete/Clay Tile 07 /	24/2006	Prmt#: b2006-046794-0000				
□ 5. Membrane □ 6. Other □ □ A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later. □ B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later. □ C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B". □ D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B". 3. Roof Deck Attachment: What is the weakest form of roof deck attachment? □ A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below. □ B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR-	☐ 3. Metal						
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	24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nail	s spaced a maximum	n of 6" inches in the field.	-OR- Dimensional lumb	er/Tongue & Groove		
	•	• '	•	•	DMI: 1363028		

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			of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent sistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
		D. Reinforce	ed Concrete Roof Deck.
		E. Other:	
			or unidentified.
		G. No attic a	access.
4.			tachment: What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within le or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
		A. Toe Nails	\mathbf{S}
			Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Mi	nimal conditi	ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
			Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single W	Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Double V	Vraps
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structural	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other:	
		G. Unknown	or unidentified
		H. No attic a	access
5.			What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall are over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
		B. Flat Roof	Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet
		C. Other Ro	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft
6.	Sec	A. SWR (also sheathing dwelling B. No SWR.	
	Ш	C. Unknown	n or undetermined.
In	spec	tors Initials <u>I</u>	Property Address 10136 Andover Coach Circle Lake Worth, FL 33449 DMI: 1363028

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7. **Opening Protection:** What is the **weakest** form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		Х	Х	N/A		
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N.	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
N	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	Х				X	Х

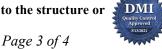
- A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).
 - Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
 - Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203
 - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
 - Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
 - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
 - For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or
X in the table above
7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

- ☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
- B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
 - ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 4.5 lb.)
 - SSTD 12 (Large Missile 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
 - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 2 to 4.5 lb.)
 - ☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
 - ☐ B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
 - ☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
- □ <u>C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007</u> All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
 - C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
 - C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above
 - ☐ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

Inspectors Initials BD Property Address 10136 Andover Coach Circle Lake Worth, FL 33449

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DMI: 1363028

☐ N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shu	tter systems with no documen	station) All Glazed onen	ings are protected with
protective coverings not meeting the requirements	of Answer "A" "B" or C" or s	systems that appear to me	eet Answer "A" or "B"
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in		journo mar appear to me	
□ N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Non-Glazed openings exist	
☐ N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as I		• •	
table above □ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified a	s Laval V in the table above		
, ,			
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more	Glazed openings classified and	Level X in the table abo	ve.
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MU	UST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUA	ALIFIED INSPECTOR.	
Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes,	provides a listing of individual	ls who may sign this fort	m.
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:	License or Certific	cate #:
Brad Davis [Inspection Company: Brad Davis Inc. for	CGC	1505649 Phone:	
Don Meyler Inspections		(954) 972-7311	
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license	as a: (check one)		
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida S	Statutes who has completed the stat	cutory number of hours of h	urricane mitigation
training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing I	Board and completion of a proficier	ncy exam.	
Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, F	lorida Statutes.		
General, building or residential contractor licensed under S	Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.		
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Flor	rida Statutes.		
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Flor	rida Statutes.		
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as	possessing the necessary qualificat	tions to properly complete a	uniform mitigation
verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida S			
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed un			
under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the			
Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize		ses the requisite skill, k	nowledge, and
experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspect			
	ctor and I personally perform	ed the inspection or (<i>lic</i>	ensed
(print name)	N/A Inspector Is Lie	angadC 11	4 •
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my e		e of inspector)	ection
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	фтиспан	t of inspector)	
Qualified Inspector Signature:	Dodge 2	/11/2021	
Quanned inspector signature: // ////	Date:3	/11/2021	
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gro	oss negligence provides a false	or fraudulent mitigatio	on verification form is
subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insu			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecutio			
certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misco	nduct of employees as if the a	uthorized mitigation in	spector personally
performed the inspection.			
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qua	alified Inspector or his or her en	nployee did perform an i	nspection of the
residence identified on this form and that proof of identifi	ication was provided to me or m	ny Authorized Representa	ative.
Signature:	Date:		
	Date:		
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utt			
obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statute		tity is not entitled comm	nits a misdemeanor
of the first degree. (Section 027.711(7), Florida Statute	25)		
The definitions on this form are for inspection purpose	es only and cannot be used to	certify any product or	construction feature
as offering protection from hurricanes.	,	J J F	
		EL 22442	WAR 40-00-
Inspectors Initials <u>BD</u> Property Address 10136 And	dover Coach Circle Lake Worth	, FL 33449	DMI: 1363028
*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years	provided no material changes	s have been made to the	structure or DMI
inaccuracies found on the form.	1		Quality Control Approved 3/13/2021



Elevation Photos





Front Elevation



Left Elevation



Back Elevation



Right Elevation



Roof/Attic Photos





8d Nails or Greater in Size



8d Nails or Greater in Size Spaced 6" in the Field



8d Nails or Greater in Size Spaced 6" Along the Edge



19/32" Deck Thickness Confirmed



Additional Photos





Metal Connector with Gap Greater than 1/2" from Truss



Address Number



Metal Connector with Gap Greater than 1/2" from Truss



Concrete/Clay Tile Roof Covering



Additional Photos





Built-Up/Rolled Asphalt Roof Covering



Unprotected Window



Unprotected Solid Entry Door



Unprotected Solid Garage Door

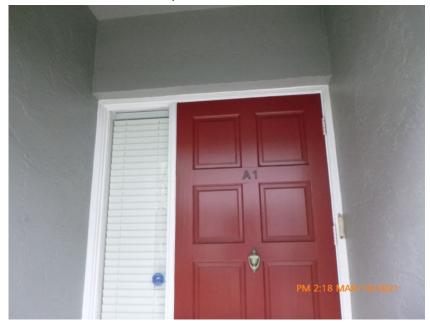


Additional Photos





Unprotected Window



Unprotected Solid Entry Door



Unprotected Glazed Entry Door



Unprotected Window



Roof Mitigation Upgrade Report

The roof covering (i.e. shingles, tiles or metal panels) and the sheathing beneath it form one of your home's critical shields of protection from high winds and rain. When parts of the roof covering and sheathing below it blow away, the inside of your home becomes completely exposed to the elements. This significantly increases the risk to both life and property.

One of the purposes of this inspection is to document the presence or absence of certain attic and roof features that have proven to be valuable in high-wind conditions. While the age and condition of your current roof was *not* part of a windstorm mitigation inspection, certain items have been identified that in the future could increase your level of protection, as well as a potentially decrease your premium.

When it becomes necessary to replace your existing roof, an investment in the specific features outlined below should be discussed with a licensed professional. Your insurance agent can provide you with details of potential policy credits that may assist you in making your decision.

Roof-to-Wall Attachment Our report indicates that the existing roof-to-wall attachment(s) do not meet the requirements on the Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection form for Single Wrap Straps. This definition requires at least two nails on the front side and at least one on the other of every strap in the attic, on every truss or rafter. As it is often difficult to access every truss or rafter, the ideal time to upgrade this feature is when the roof deck is being replaced. In some circumstances, this work can be done on its own; consult a professional for details. Retrofits to existing roof to wall connections should be permitted with the local building department, and installations should follow the manufacturer's guidelines.

Secondary Water Resistant ("SWR") Barrier. Our report indicates that your roof does not currently have 1) strips or sheets of a self-adhering modified bitumen barrier attached directly to the top of the roof deck sheathing, or 2) a high-strength, closed-cell foam adhesive barrier on all the seams throughout your attic. The presence of either of these types of valid SWR barriers provides increased protection against water intrusion. Before having your roof replaced, be sure to inquire of your roofing professional regarding the cost of these options.

Please contact DMI with questions about this report, or to schedule a re-inspection following the installation of one or more of these specific features. You should contact DMI at (800) 469-0434, and Press Option 1 to schedule a re-inspection. For customer service, you can:

- · Dial (800) 469-0434 and press Option 6,
- · Open a Live Chat with us at www.windstorminspections.com, or
- · Email us at research@dmifla.com

DMI thanks you for the opportunity to evaluate your home and present the ways in which you can help mitigate the unique risks associated with windstorms. It has been our pleasure to serve you.



Wall Construction Estimate

10136 Andover Coach Circle

Please note that at as a courtesy to your insurance agent or carrier, we have included below our estimate of the Wall Construction percentages of your home, classified between wood frame, masonry/concrete, or other wall construction types.

Wood Frame:	<u>15</u> %
Masonry/Concrete:	_85_%
Other	%

- DMI assumes no liability whatsoever for the accuracy of this wall construction estimate.
- These percentages are provided as a courtesy and on a best-efforts basis, based on a cursory survey of the property
 while separately performing a windstorm mitigation inspection. This estimated data was previously provided on the
 windstorm mitigation inspection itself, and as many industry participants would still like to see it along with the mitigation
 inspection, DMI has elected to voluntarily provide it.
- Note that per the guidelines provided by certain insurance carriers, 1) gable end walls are included in the above wall construction percentages, and 2) the openings associated with doors and windows are not taken into account when calculation the estimated percentages.