Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 3/11/2021							
Owner Information							
Owner Name: Andover at Wycliffe				Contact Person:	Contact Person:		
Address: 10184 Andover Coach Circle				Home Phone: (561)	215-9160		
City: 1	Lake Worth	Zip: 33449		Work Phone:			
Count	y: Palm Beach			Cell Phone:			
Insura	nce Company:	1		Policy #:			
Year o	of Home: 1995	# of Stories: 2		Email: ldistefano@grs	smgt.com		
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.							
	tilding Code: Was the structure HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Browa	ard counties), South Florida	a Building Code (SFBC	C-94)?			
	A. Built in compliance with the a date after 3/1/2002: Building	g Permit Application Date	(MM/DD/YYYY)//				
	B. For the HVHZ Only: Built provide a permit application w						
	C. Unknown or does not meet	the requirements of Answer	er "A" or "B"				
OF	of Covering: Select all roof cor R Year of Original Installation/R vering identified.				nce for each roof		
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance		
	1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle						
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile	07 / 06 / 2006	Prmt#: B06036401				
	☐ 3. Metal						
	4. Built Up						
	5. Membrane						
	6. Other						
3. <u>Ro</u>	of Deck Attachment: What is t	the weakest form of roof d	eck attachment?				
	A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.						
	B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.						
	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheath 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common decking with a minimum of 2	n nails spaced a maximum	of 6" inches in the fie	ldOR- Dimensional lumb	per/Tongue & Groove		
Inspec	ctors Initials <u>BD</u> Property A	Address 10184 Andover C	Coach Circle Lake Wor	th, FL 33449	DMI: 1363033		

*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or inaccuracies found on the form.



			of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent istance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
		D. Reinforce	ed Concrete Roof Deck.
		E. Other:	
			or unidentified.
		G. No attic a	access.
4.		eet of the insid	eachment: What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within e or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
		A. Toe Nails	
			Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Mi	nimal conditio	ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
		•	Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single Wi	Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Double V	Vraps
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structural	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other:	
		G. Unknown	or unidentified
		H. No attic a	occess
5.			What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall are over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
		B. Flat Roof	
		C. Other Roo	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft of Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
6.	Sec	A. SWR (also sheathing dwelling B. No SWR.	r Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) to called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
In	spec	etors Initials <u>F</u>	Property Address 10184 Andover Coach Circle Lake Worth, FL 33449 DMI: 1363033
*T	his '	verification fo	orm is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or

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inaccuracies found on the form.

OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155

7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings			Non-Glazed Openings		
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		Х	Х	N/A		
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	Х				Х	Х

A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at
a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval
system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure
and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).

- Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
- Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203

☐ A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
- For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

in the table above

	X in the table above	
	☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above	
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):		
	• ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)	
	• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)	
	• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)	
	☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist	
	B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X	

☐ A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or

□ C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).

C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above

☐ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above

Inspectors Initials BD Property Address 10184 Andover Coach Circle Lake Worth, FL 33449

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☐ N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shut	tter systems with no documen	utation) All Glazed open	ings are protected with	
protective coverings not meeting the requirements	of Answer "A", "B", or C" or s	systems that appear to m	eet Answer "A" or "B"	
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in t		, 11		
☐ N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B	B, C, or N in the table above, or no	Non-Glazed openings exist		
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as L table above		, -		
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as	s Level X in the table above			
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more	Glazed onenings classified and	Level X in the table abo	ove	
At these of some Grazed Openings one of more	Glazea openings classified and	Ecver 21 in the table abo		
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MU	IST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUA	ALIFIED INSPECTOR.		
Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes,	provides a listing of individual	ls who may sign this for	m.	
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:	License or Certifi	icate #:	
Brad Davis Inspection Company: Brad Davis Inc. for	CGC	1505649 Phone:		
Oon Meyler Inspections		(954) 972-7311		
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license	as a: (check one)			
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida S			urricane mitigation	
training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing E	Board and completion of a proficien	ncy exam.		
Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Fl	lorida Statutes.			
General, building or residential contractor licensed under S	ection 489.111, Florida Statutes.			
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Flor	ida Statutes.			
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Flor	ida Statutes.			
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida S		tions to properly complete a	a uniform mitigation	
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed un	nder Section 489.111, Florida	Statutes, or profession	al engineer licensed	
<u>under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect tl</u>	he structures personally and i	not through employees	or other persons.	
Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize		ses the requisite skill, k	nowledge, and	
experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspect	<u>10n.</u>			
	ctor and I personally perform	ed the inspection or (<i>lic</i>	censed	
(print name) contractors and professional engineers only) I had my e	ampleyee (N/A Inspector Is Lie	consod nouform the inco	andian	
contractors and projessional engineers only) I had my e		e of inspector)	pection	
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	(P	e or imspector)		
Qualified Inspector Signature:	Date: 3	8/11/2021		
Quanticu inspector Signature. 77 7 2	Batt	711/2021		
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gro	ss negligence provides a false	or fraudulent mitigation	on verification form is	
subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insu				
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecutio certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misco				
performed the inspection.	nduct of employees as if the a	uthorized mitigation in	spector personany	
<u> </u>				
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Quaresidence identified on this form and that proof of identified				
Signature:	Date:			
			•43 43 • 4 4 4	
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or uttobtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium				
of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statute		tity is not entitled comi	ints a misucincanoi	
()	···			
The definitions on this form are for inspection purpose as offering protection from hurricanes.	es only and cannot be used to	certify any product or	construction feature	
Inspectors Initials <u>BD</u> Property Address 10184 And	lover Coach Circle Lake Worth	ı, FL 33449	DMI: 1363033	
		1 1 1 1 3		
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Elevation Photos





Front Elevation



Left Elevation



Back Elevation



Right Elevation



Roof/Attic Photos





Address Number



Unprotected Solid Entry Door



Concrete/Clay Tile Roof Covering



Unprotected Solid Garage Door



Additional Photos





Unprotected Window



Unprotected Window



Unprotected Glazed Entry Door



Unprotected Window



Additional Photos





Unprotected Solid Entry Door



8d Nails or Greater in Size Spaced 6" Along the Edge



8d Nails or Greater in Size



8d Nails or Greater in Size Spaced 6" in the Field

Additional Photos





19/32" Deck Thickness Confirmed



Metal Connector with 3 Nails on the Front Side & 0 Nails on the Opposing Side



Metal Connector with 3 Nails on the Front Side & 0 Nails on the Opposing Side



Roof Mitigation Upgrade Report

The roof covering (i.e. shingles, tiles or metal panels) and the sheathing beneath it form one of your home's critical shields of protection from high winds and rain. When parts of the roof covering and sheathing below it blow away, the inside of your home becomes completely exposed to the elements. This significantly increases the risk to both life and property.

One of the purposes of this inspection is to document the presence or absence of certain attic and roof features that have proven to be valuable in high-wind conditions. While the age and condition of your current roof was *not* part of a windstorm mitigation inspection, certain items have been identified that in the future could increase your level of protection, as well as a potentially decrease your premium.

When it becomes necessary to replace your existing roof, an investment in the specific features outlined below should be discussed with a licensed professional. Your insurance agent can provide you with details of potential policy credits that may assist you in making your decision.

Roof-to-Wall Attachment Our report indicates that the existing roof-to-wall attachment(s) do not meet the requirements on the Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection form for Single Wrap Straps. This definition requires at least two nails on the front side and at least one on the other of every strap in the attic, on every truss or rafter. As it is often difficult to access every truss or rafter, the ideal time to upgrade this feature is when the roof deck is being replaced. In some circumstances, this work can be done on its own; consult a professional for details. Retrofits to existing roof to wall connections should be permitted with the local building department, and installations should follow the manufacturer's guidelines.

Secondary Water Resistant ("SWR") Barrier. Our report indicates that your roof does not currently have 1) strips or sheets of a self-adhering modified bitumen barrier attached directly to the top of the roof deck sheathing, or 2) a high-strength, closed-cell foam adhesive barrier on all the seams throughout your attic. The presence of either of these types of valid SWR barriers provides increased protection against water intrusion. Before having your roof replaced, be sure to inquire of your roofing professional regarding the cost of these options.

Please contact DMI with questions about this report, or to schedule a re-inspection following the installation of one or more of these specific features. You should contact DMI at (800) 469-0434, and Press Option 1 to schedule a re-inspection. For customer service, you can:

- · Dial (800) 469-0434 and press Option 6,
- · Open a Live Chat with us at www.windstorminspections.com, or
- · Email us at research@dmifla.com

DMI thanks you for the opportunity to evaluate your home and present the ways in which you can help mitigate the unique risks associated with windstorms. It has been our pleasure to serve you.



Wall Construction Estimate

10184 Andover Coach Circle

Please note that at as a courtesy to your insurance agent or carrier, we have included below our estimate of the Wall Construction percentages of your home, classified between wood frame, masonry/concrete, or other wall construction types.

Wood Frame:	<u>15</u> %
Masonry/Concrete:	_85_%
Other	%

- DMI assumes no liability whatsoever for the accuracy of this wall construction estimate.
- These percentages are provided as a courtesy and on a best-efforts basis, based on a cursory survey of the property
 while separately performing a windstorm mitigation inspection. This estimated data was previously provided on the
 windstorm mitigation inspection itself, and as many industry participants would still like to see it along with the mitigation
 inspection, DMI has elected to voluntarily provide it.
- Note that per the guidelines provided by certain insurance carriers, 1) gable end walls are included in the above wall
 construction percentages, and 2) the openings associated with doors and windows are not taken into account when
 calculation the estimated percentages.